



 Research Article

THE ROLE OF SOCIAL POLICY IN THE REALIZATION OF HUMAN VALUE AND SOCIAL INTERESTS IN SOCIETY

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ABSTRACT

This article is about the role of social policy in the realization of human value and social interests in society, and the author reflects on the role of socio-political reforms in glorifying human value in society and the importance of social protection mechanisms in ensuring human interests.

KEYWORDS

Human value, social interests, development strategy, socio-political reforms, social protection mechanics.

INTRODUCTION

One of the first-level tasks of the state in ensuring socio-economic development in society is to constantly increase the well-being and standard of living of the population, through the implementation of social policies aimed at improving the living conditions of the population. In this sense, an important factor in ensuring social stability is the improvement of the lifestyle of the population, the satisfaction of their life interests, needs and requirements, the increase in

the amount of income. To this end, it will be necessary to develop and implement strategically important tasks in the reforms carried out, to eliminate some of the problems that are occurring.

The glorification of human value in society is a specific principle of socio-political reform, associated with the multi-thousand-year philosophy of the social life of the population of

the country, its social culture, national status, mentality, the decision-making of new principles arising from the natural and demographic situation, as well as their implementation. The realization of these principles in society has a systemic nature and represents the vital interests of the state and society. Due to the high supply of the human factor, social tension and unstable situations are bypassed in society, a step towards an important stage of democratic renewal.

In turn, state authorities, local bodies, self-government bodies, NGOs and other structures are involved in the implementation of measures to glorify human value in society. The state authorities and its structures use the services of Citizens' Assemblies of the neighborhood, village, ovul in organizing targeted social assistance, support work to the disadvantaged segments of the population. As a result, only a significant part of the less fortunate will be able to receive social assistance. President Of The Republic Of Uzbekistan Sh.Mirziyoyev noted that "today the main goal of our life itself, expressed in our Constitution, is to make the issue of comprehensive provision of human interests an urgent task" [1].

In the context of the establishment of a legal state and the formation of civil society, it is important that the people's self-awareness, the demand to ensure the benefit, freedom and well-being of a person in the course of the prosperity of the country is clearly and clearly defined[3]. The implementation of these tasks depends primarily on the consistent and effective implementation of the reform process in the social sphere. Thus, the

philosophy of reforms in ensuring human value, in its essence, has a positive effect on changes in all areas of social relations, becomes important in determining goals and objectives in ensuring the interests of society.

It is important to ensure human interests, realize their rights and social guarantees, apply modern management technologies and methods in the system of social assistance to low-income families. The principles associated with the mentality of the people in society in the glorification of human value are considered to be mechanisms by which a rich experience with the promotion of human interests over the years has a positive effect. In the provision of these processes, the principle of a social state is important, that is, in this feature it is understood the process associated with the fact that the main policy of the state is aimed at the interests of the people. N.Kondratovich believes that "a socially-based state means that the economic and social rights and freedoms of the population and the responsibility of the state involved in this are sealed on constitutional grounds" [4].

Social assistance provided to the population is considered important in ensuring human interests in society. Social assistance is directed to some disadvantaged segments of society, that is, those who do not have the opportunity to earn self-made money to support themselves (children, the elderly, people with disabilities and those who are not engaged in production according to the conditions that do not depend on them). The need for those who need social assistance is determined first of all, according to

the demographic situation in the country, according to the level of income of the population and their distribution, established consumption standards, as well as historical characteristics in national traditions and way of life.

The more developed the economic life of the country, the higher the social protection of the population. Social protection of the population is one of the most important tasks at a time when the country is making progress. The concept of social protection is valid as a category that embodies the important process of solving social problems in society during the current period of social and economic reform and embodies values related to social stability. The concept of social protection of the population appeared in the history of mankind in the late 19th century and as a social term arose in the 30s of the 20th century.

Therefore, the mechanisms of social protection are the most important valuable process of social life, which includes normative-legal and organizational-methodological factors. V.Kulikov believes: "social protection is an organic structure of social life and the organization of oxen in a market economy, the organizational and legal manifestations of which should ensure the process of Labor and the revival of the labor force"[5].

The main goal of social protection of the vast layers of the population in glorifying human value is to prevent a sharp decrease in the standard of living of the population. To solve this task, a number of measures and direct state regulatory methods are used: monetary payments, various

benefits, dotations to close the difference in the prices of consumer goods and services, such as the distribution of vital food and non-food goods.

In this context, "social policy as a system of values supported by society is an area that is one of the important functions of the state associated with ensuring the creation of conditions in the implementation of the needs of each member of society. At the center of this policy is the human factor, and it will simultaneously be the purpose, subject and subject of this policy. The object of social policy is social relations and social structure as well as the living conditions and labor of a person"[6].

The content of social protection acquires a rather comprehensive feature, it combines important criteria associated with its progress in society, ensuring the permanence of the primacy of the human factor. According to scientists: "social protection is a system that provides legal, economic, social guarantees to able citizens with conditions for increasing their standard of living at the expense of their economic independence and entrepreneurship, and provides conditions for the payment of material assistance, pensions and social benefits provided by the state to the incapacitated part of the population"[7].

Within the framework of the strategy of action on the five priority areas of development of our country in 2017 — 2021, about 300 laws, more than 4 thousand decisions of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan were adopted aimed at radical reform of all spheres of state and society life over the past period [2].

The decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan on the development strategy of New Uzbekistan for 2022 — 2026, adopted on January 28, 2022, also sets out priorities for reforms aimed at further improving the well-being of our people, transforming the sectors of the economy and rapidly developing entrepreneurship, unconditionally ensuring human rights and interests, and forming an active civil society.

In development strategy, the focus is on the adoption, on the one hand, of laws, codes, concepts and programs related to the development of civil society. On the second hand, it covers the provision of the rule of law, the consistent implementation of constitutional reform in life, the development of the national economy, the implementation of strong social policy, the development of manawism, as well as the attitude of Uzbekistan to global problems, important tasks in security and foreign policy.

The main idea of the 7 priorities in the new Uzbekistan development strategy for 2022-2026 is to ensure human value.

A state program on the promotion of human value has been developed, and the directions reflected in it are significant in that they are very important, including:

build a nationalistic state by raising human value and further developing a free civil society; making the principles of justice and the rule of law in our country the most basic and necessary condition for development;

rapid development of the national economy and ensuring high growth rates;

maintaining a fair social policy, developing human capital;

ensuring spiritual progress and bringing the industry to a new level;

approach to universal problems arising from national interests;

strengthen the security and defense potential of our country, conduct an open, pragmatic and active foreign policy.

In the development strategy, the relevant tasks were set for the policy of Social Protection aimed at glorifying human value:

By 2026, the needy population is fully covered by social benefits and material assistance, as well as the implementation of a unified state policy in the field of social protection, the creation of a social insurance system, including the creation of a social insurance fund and the provision of social assistance and services to low-income families under a social contract.

The implementation of the “Active” model of the neighborhood, its implementation of important tasks in order to directly solve the problems of the population and provide the necessary resources and opportunities for the development of the territory is indicated. For example, in 2022, the activities of deputy mayors of the district (city) and youth leaders on the issues of entrepreneurship development, employment and poverty reduction, introduced as a new

institution in the neighborhoods, were effectively established and positive results were achieved. The procedure for leaders of all levels to fall into the neighborhood and study problems in their direction and find solutions to them was introduced, the state of affairs in the neighborhood was established as the main criterion for assessing the activities of ministries, departments and municipalities, and the powers of citizens' self-government bodies were revised and their financial capabilities expanded in solving socio-economic problems. In the development strategy, the tasks set for improving the quality of education, ensuring the health of the population, the rapid development of the national economy and ensuring high growth rates are implemented in stages.

Today our state is at another important stage. The eleventh Congress of the movement of entrepreneurs and businessmen – the Liberal Democratic Party of Uzbekistan – was held, at the event Shavkat Mirziyoyev introduced his campaign program. In his speeches, Shavkat Mirziyoyev noted that "New Uzbekistan, this is a country where human dignity is first glorified, every citizen, regardless of nationality, language and religion, has every opportunity to realize his potential, " we will also witness how high the emphasis is on raising human value in our country.

Also, the updated constitution provided a solid legal basis for the long-term development strategies of our country, as well as a reliable guarantee for the prosperous life of our country and our people in general. Because of this, the

idea of "for the sake of man", as well as the current principle of reform, "Man – society – state", has become a chief value in our practical lives, deeply embedded in the meaning and essence of our Constitution. The fact that human dignity, honor and pride henceforth come first in all areas has been sealed in a number of articles of our general law in the new edition.

As a conclusion, it is important to note that the provision of human rights and interests in society comes from the principles of the theory of the legal state. In accordance with this theory, the dominant goal of the state and society will be to serve the social interests and needs of the population, ensure the absolute priority of rights and laws, preserve the most important values in human vital activity and avoid administrative command and self – sufficiency in ensuring its prospects, fully ensure the needs of socially unprotected segments of the population.

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